# Adapting to an Uncertain Water Future in California

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### California Water Plan to Evaluate Uncertain Future Water Management Challenges and Solutions

- ♦ How might water management conditions change between now and 2050?
- Which uncertain drivers are the most important?
- How can different water management strategies and response packages improve outcomes?
- What are the key tradeoffs among different strategies?



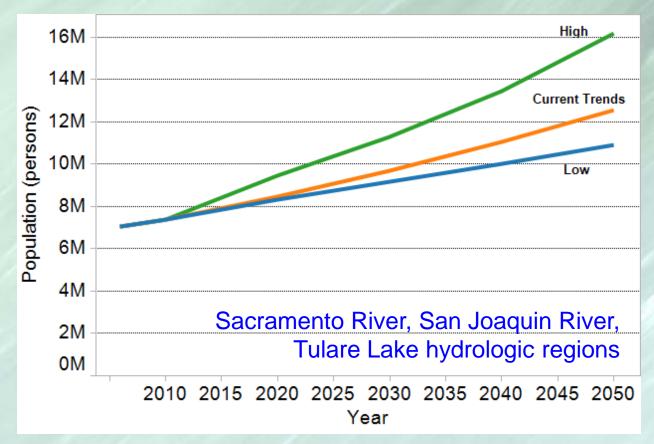
#### CWP Has Been Developing Data and Tools to Assess Future Water Management Conditions (I)

- - o Demographic changes
    - Population
    - Households
    - Economic activity
    - Agricultural irrigation requirements
  - o Climatic conditions
    - Temperature
    - Precipitation



## Scenarios Reflect Changes in... How Many People Live in California

Three population projections by hydrologic region





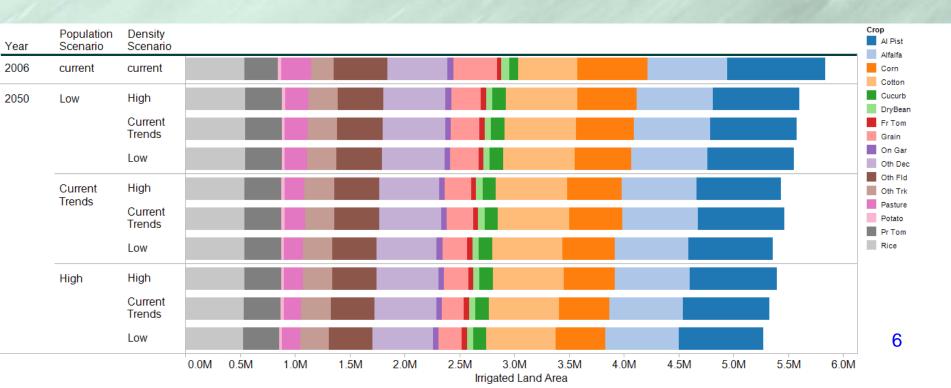
### Scenarios Reflect Changes in... Where and How People Live

Nine demographic scenarios: 1.1M o Population (3) o Urban density (3) Low population and 2.4M High density 1.0M Six 0.6M **Others** Multi-family Households **Current trends** Single-family 1.8M 3.3M population and Households density 2006 0.8M Update 2013 California Water Plan High population 5.1M and low density

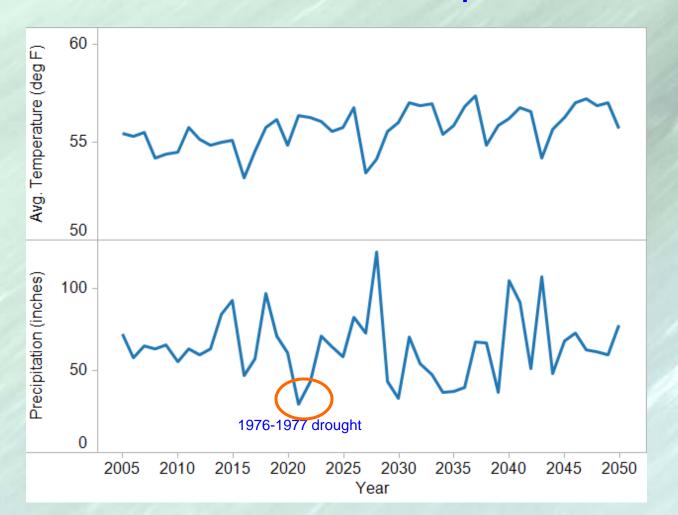
2050

### Scenarios Reflect Changes in... How Much Agricultural Land is Irrigated

- Nine scenarios of agricultural irrigation
  - Reflecting uncertainty about future urban development footprint

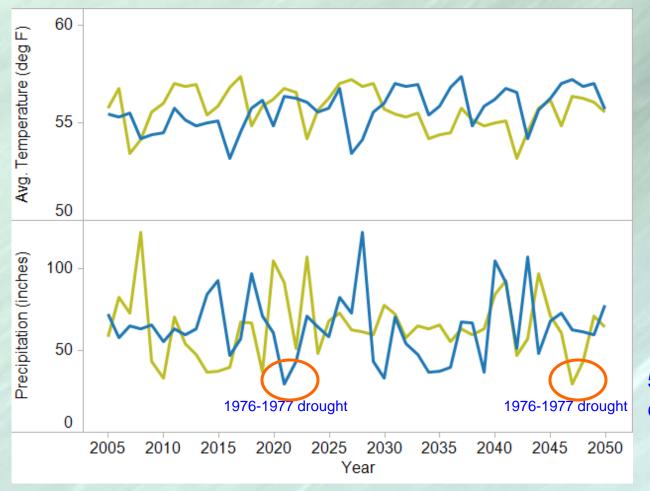


Repeat of historical climate patterns





Repeat of historical climate patterns



5 offsets evaluated

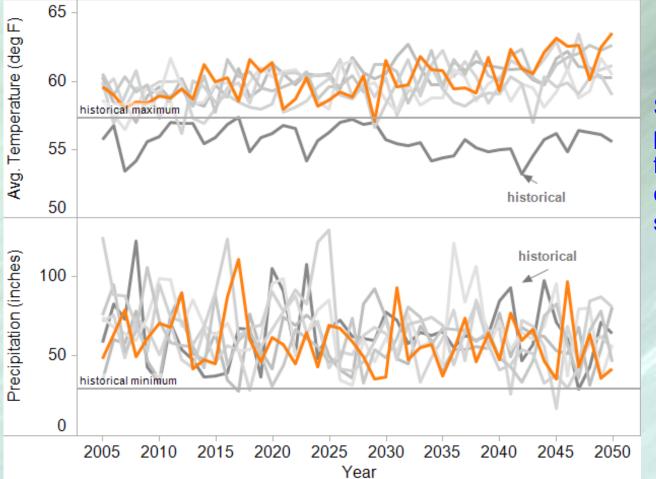
Repeat of historical climate patterns with climate warming



Average
Warming by
12 climate
models



 Global climate model scenarios of temperature and precipitation

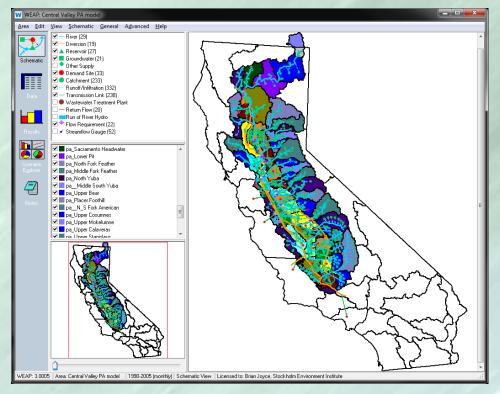


Showing projections from 6 of 12 climate simulations



### CWP Has Been Developing Data and Tools to Assess Future Water Management Conditions (II)

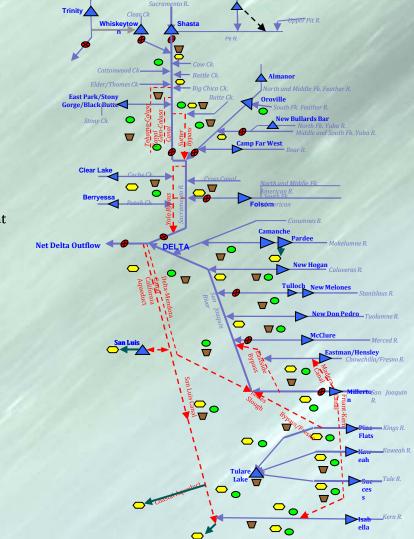
Integrated Water Resources Management Model





# Central Valley Model Evaluates How the Water Management System Performs Under Different Scenarios

- Interactive Groundwater
- Irrigated Agriculture
- Rivers and Tributaries
- Inter-Basin Transfer
- --- Canals and Diversions
- △ Reservoir
- M&I/Environ. Demand
- 8 Instream Flow Requirement



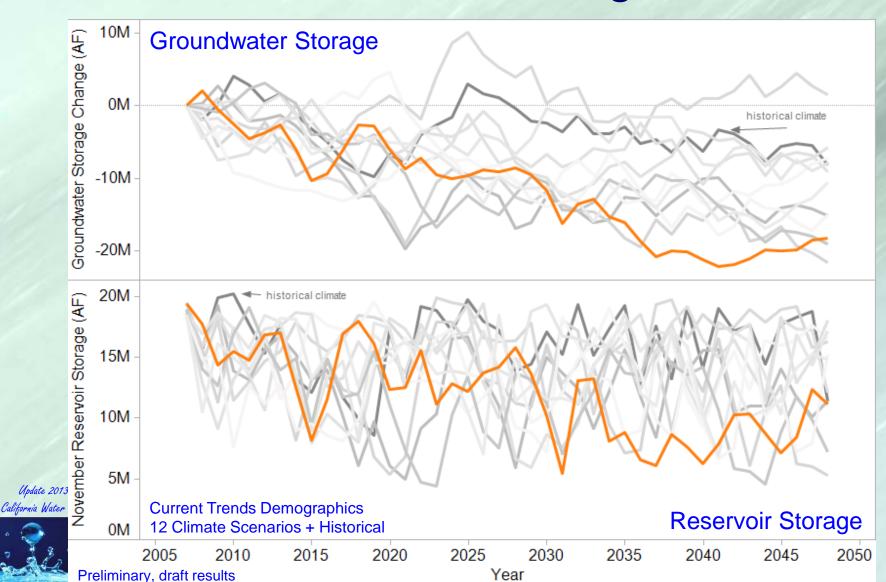


Water Evaluation
And Planning (WEAP)

## Central Valley Model Estimates Wide Range of System Conditions

- What's included:
  - Climate-driven hydrology: supply and demand
  - Water supply operations
  - Ecosystems: in-stream flow, managed wetlands
  - Groundwater
  - Water quality: Delta Salinity
  - Monthly Bypass Flows
- What's NOT included, but could be:
  - Economics
  - Hydropower
  - Water quality: Temperature, BOD

## Example Outcomes: *Groundwater and Reservoir Storage*



#### Outcomes Summarized by Few Key Metrics



- Urban water supply reliability
  - o % of years in which most demand is met



- ▲ Agricultural water supply reliability
  - o % of years in which most demand is met



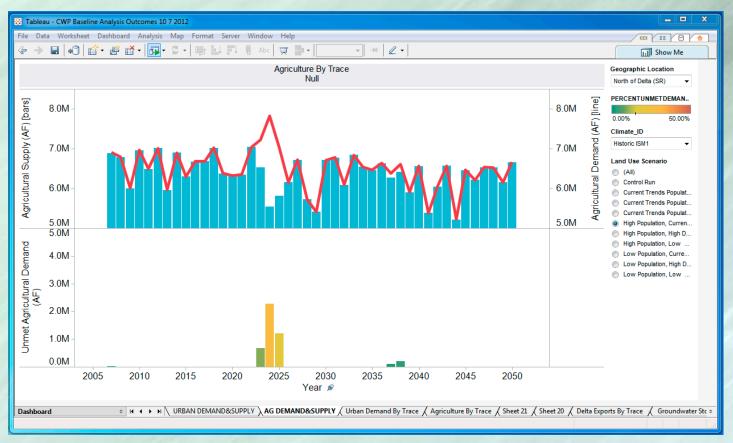
- Environmental performance
  - % of months in which all In-stream Flow Requirements (IFRs) are met



Cost of implementing strategies

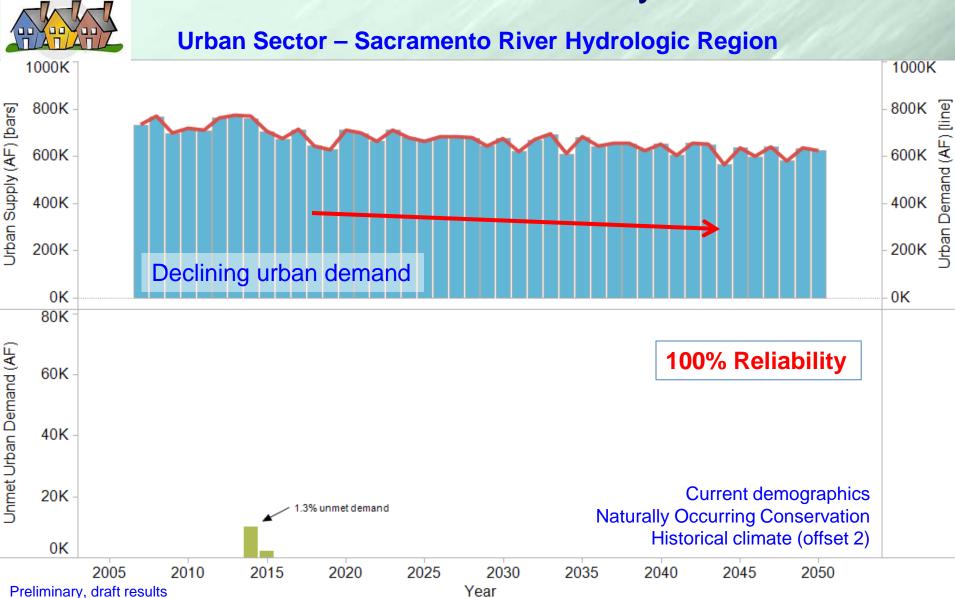
### CWP Has Been Developing Data and Tools to Assess Future Water Management Conditions (III)

Interactive Results Visualization Tool



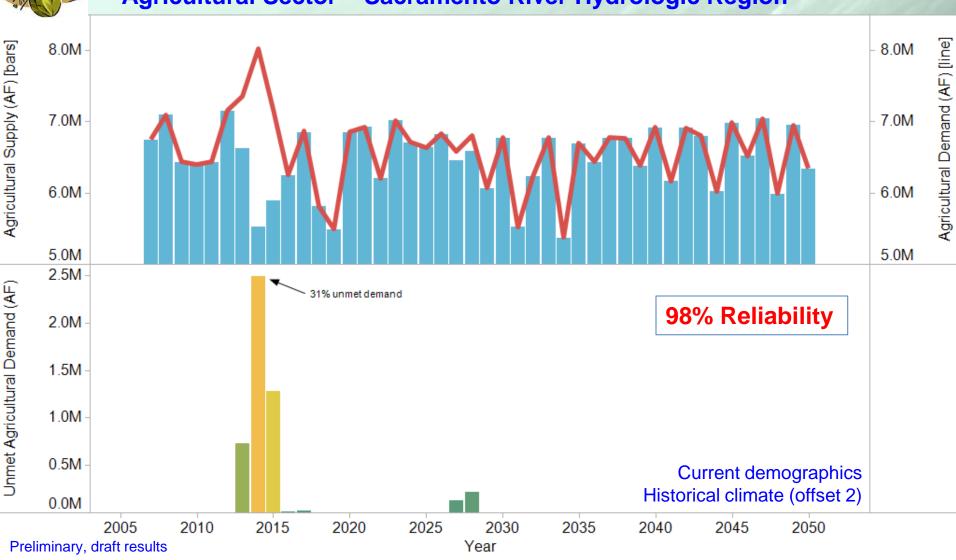


How Does the Water System Perform Now in the Central Valley?

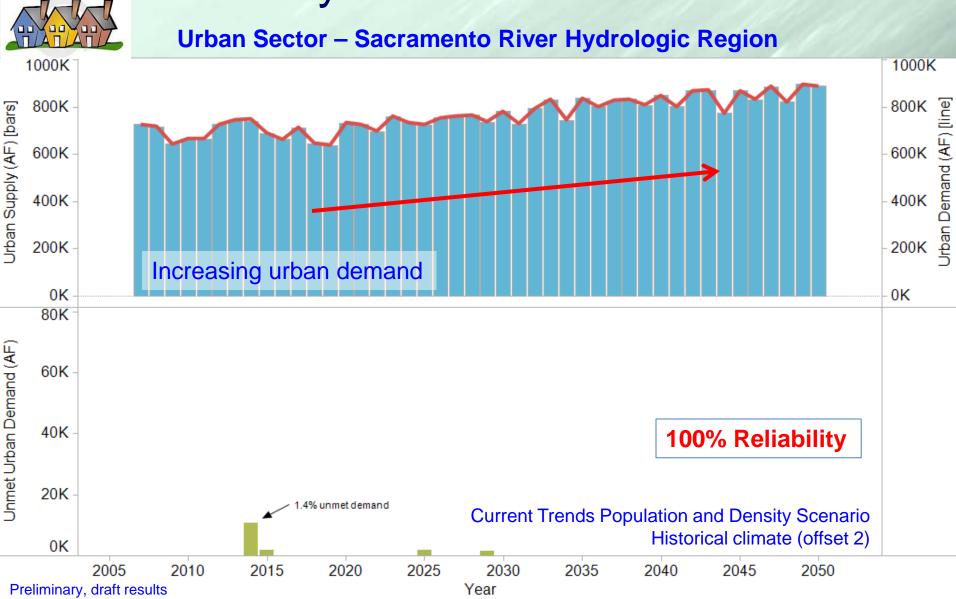


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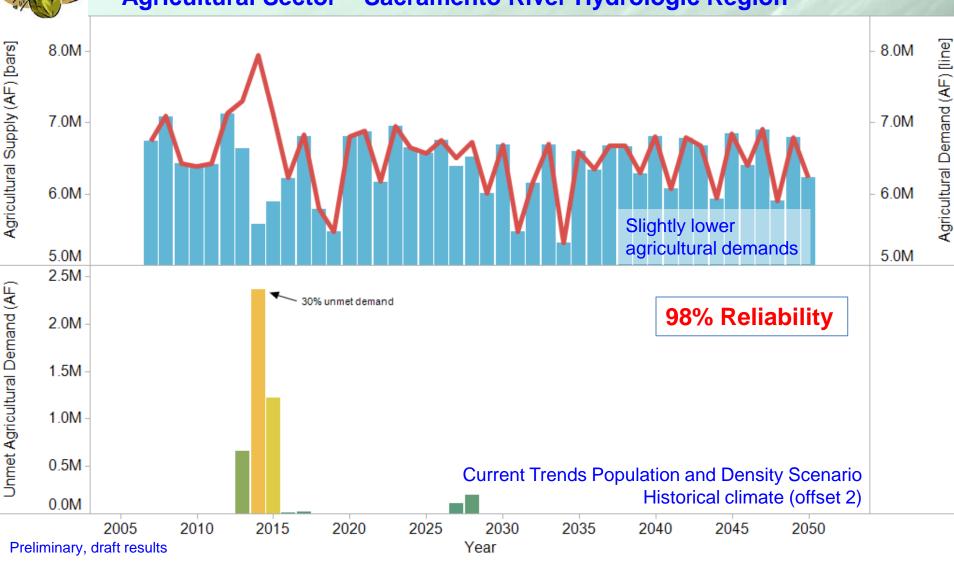


How Could Demographic Trends Affect the System in the Future?

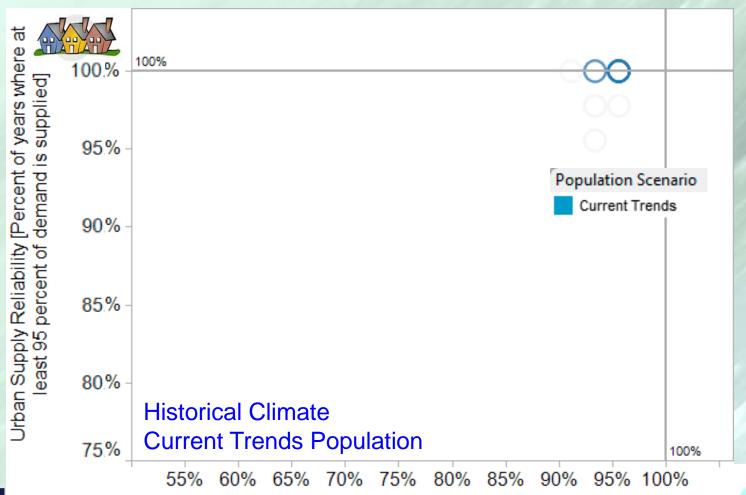


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# What About Different Plausible Climatic Conditions?



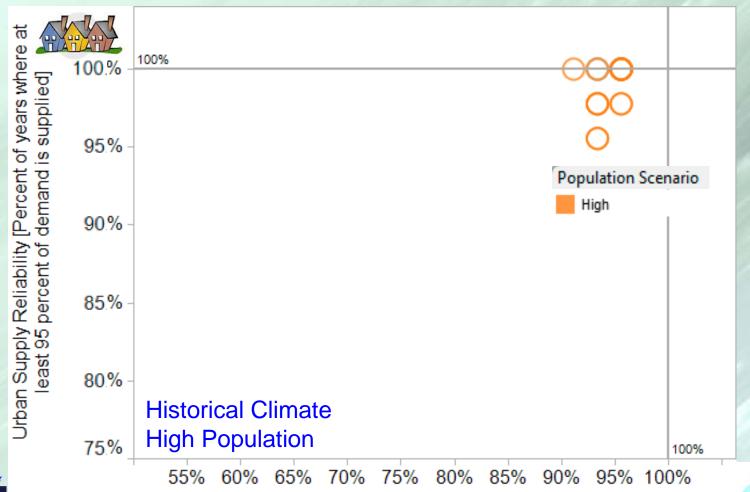
California Water Plan

Update 2013

Agricultural Supply Reliability [Percent of years where at least 75

Preliminary, draft results percent of demand is supplied]

# What About Different Plausible Climatic Conditions?

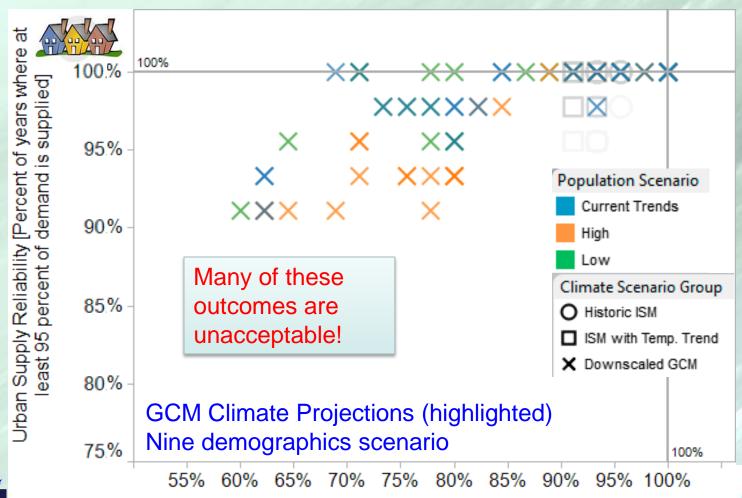




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California Water Plan

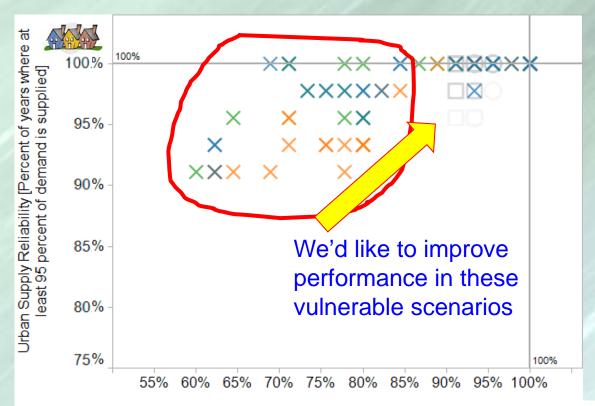
Update 2013

Agricultural Supply Reliability [Percent of years where at least 75

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# How Should We Prepare, Given the Uncertainty?

Implement new water management strategies to reduce vulnerabilities





#### Water Management Strategies Can Reduce Vulnerabilities

- Urban and agricultural water use efficiency
- Reuse and conjunctive management
- Additional environmental flows and groundwater recovery
- ♦ New surface storage



## Response Packages Address Vulnerabilities in Different Ways

Water Management Response Package	Water use efficiency	Reuse and conjunctive management	Additional Environmental flows and groundwater recovery	New surface storage
Currently planned	currently planned	current	current	none
Diversification Level 1	moderate	moderate	currently planned	none
Diversification Level 2	aggressive	moderate	moderate	none
Diversification Level 3	aggressive	aggressive	moderate	one facility
Diversification Level 4	aggressive	aggressive	aggressive	two facilities



### Implementing Response Packages Will Reduce Future Vulnerabilities

20 Key tradeoff between **Better** Baseline (#1) reducing vulnerabilities performance 18 (decreasing and cost 16 number of scenarios in 14 which #2 performance is 12 unsatisfactory) 10 8 6 #6 4 #4 Update 2013 #5 2



Illustrative results

#### Modeling and Analysis Status

- Finalize WEAP model
- Evaluate Current Management
- Characterize Vulnerabilities
- Evaluate Response Packages
- Describe Tradeoffs

Please attend up-coming SWAN workshop on analysis and results

